

Infinitybox LLC Diagnostics & Troubleshooting Guide

Updated February 2017





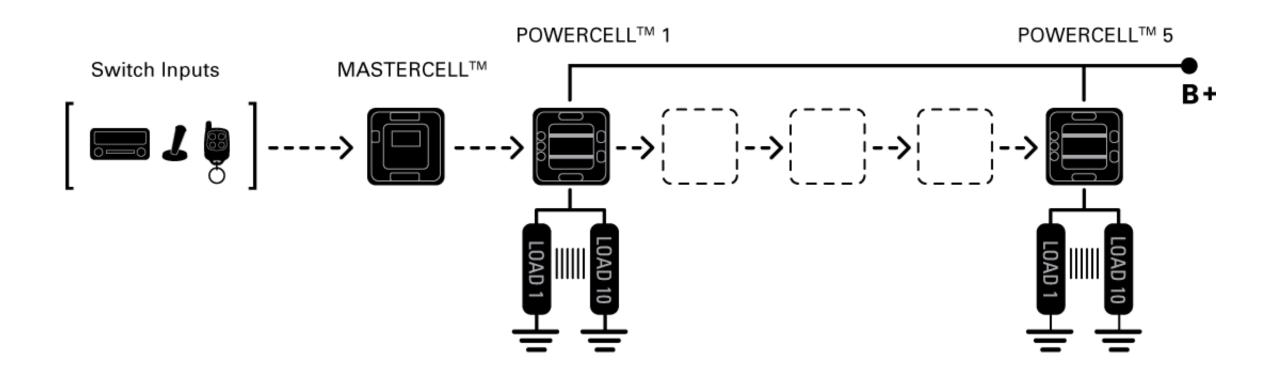


- System Basics
- Diagnostic Basics
- Error Log
- Specific Troubleshooting Techniques
- Override Headers













- 48-Channel Input Module
- Connects to switches in the vehicle
- Send CAN commands to other modules on network
- All inputs work by being pulled to ground
 - DO NOT APPLY POSITIVE BATTERY VOLTAGE TO MASTERCELL INPUT. DAMAGE MAY OCCUR AND WILL VOID WARRANTY.
- All inputs will measure approximately 4.8 volts when off

MASTERCELL Basics







- 10-Output Module
- All outputs source current
- POWERCELL outputs supply voltage at battery voltage
- Each output is fused internally inside the POWERCELL
- Each output will nominally measure 2.8 volts when off and not connected to a load

POWERCELL Basics



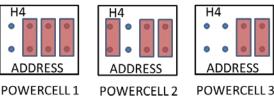


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- Each POWERCELL is individually addressed so that it knows which commands to respond to
- Set by jumpers under the POWERCELL cover
- POWERCELL learns address when powered up. Power to POWERCELL must be cycled if address headers are changed.
- Check the configuration sheet that came with your system for specific POWERCELL address assignments

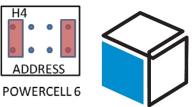
POWERCELL Address







POWERCELL 5 POWERCELL 4





Built-In Diagnostic Features

- The Infinitybox system has many powerful diagnostic features built into the hardware
- No tools are required to access these features
- They will identify:
 - Details of switches turned on and off
 - State of CAN communications
 - State of POWERCELL outputs
 - Condition of loads attached to POWERCELL outputs





MASTERCELL inSIGHT Screen

- Visual indication of system status
- Initial boot-up screen displays software revision and unit serial number
- Controlled by buttons below screen
 - HOME- Lists all cells on network
 - SCOLL UP/DOWN- Navigate through cell inventory
 - SELECT- Choose specific cell for diagnostics
 - TRAIN- Used to pair optional radio interfaces
- After successful power up, screen will display NORMAL status and backlight will turn off. Typically takes 6 to 10 seconds.







MASTERCELL Indicator Lights

- COM Light
 - Indicates communication between MASTERCELL and other cells connected on the CAN network.
 - Should flash approximately once per second
 - Solid blue light indicates lack of communication with other cells on CAN network.
- CAN HI/LO Lights
 - Indicate data traffic on CAN bus.
 - Will flash approximately once per second with the COM light but will also flash when CAN commands are sent on the bus.







- COM Light
 - Flashing approximately once per second
- CAN HI/LO Lights
 - Flashing approximately once per second
- Screen Display
 - Status Normal (ST=NORMAL)
 - Transmit Normal (TX=NORMAL)
 - Receive Normal (RX=NORMAL)
- Screen Backlight
 - Will turn off 10 to 20 seconds after system is running. Show on in this picture for clarity.





MASTERCELL- Messaging Mode

- Messaging Mode reports any time an input is turned on or off
- Press "SCROLL UP" & "SELECT" buttons simultaneously, hold for one second then release simultaneously.
- MASTERCELL screen will report: "inSIGHT WILL DISPLAY INPUT CHANGES FROM ANY SOURCE".
- Any time a switch is closed or opened, the screen will react
 - Input Number
 - Target Output Cell
 - Target Output Node
 - Proprietary Command (Use internally for diagnostics)
- MASTERCELL will stay in messaging mode until power is cycled or "SCROLL UP" & "SELECT" are pressed simultaneously again.
- Backlight will remain lit when in Messaging Mode
- Do not leave MASTERCELL in Messaging Mode for normal operation. This will cause system delays.







- Switch input seen by MASTERCELL
 - Input 1
- POWERCELL command sent to:
 - POWERCELL 1
- Output to turn on:
 - Output 1
- NOTE: some custom functions or inputs associated with multiple outputs will read 11 as the target node. This is normal.

Messaging Mode- Example





MASTERCELL Inventory Polling

- When displaying system inventory, you can poll an individual cell to get key parameters
 - MASTERCELL (MS-T1)
 - Instantaneous state of all inputs
 - POWERCELL (PS-T23)
 - Primary Cell Voltage
 - Charge Pump Voltage
 - Cell Temperature
 - State of all outputs
 - inMOTION (MRS-T1)
 - Instantaneous current draw on all H-Bridge pairs
 - Total cycle count for all H-Bridge pairs
- Press HOME to get inventory
 - Press SCROLL UP and SCROLL DOWN to highlight target cell then press SELECT





- From Inventory, scroll to A1 and press SELECT
- Primary Input Voltage is 12-volts
- Charge Pump Delta is 14.5-volts
 - This is an internal measurement of the cell health
- The temperature of the cell is 22 C
- Bottom line indicates the state of the outputs
 - 0 indicates output is off, 1 indicates output is on
 - Left to right, each digit indicates outputs 1 to 10
 - This indicates the state of the outputs when the SELECT button was pressed
 - All outputs are off in this example

POWERCELL Polling Example





- MASTERCELL logs errors reported by all cells
 - Temperature events (> 125 C)
 - Voltage Events (<6 volts)
 - Charge Pump Events (CP Delta < 12 volts)
- Last 8 events recorded in MASTERCELL Memory
- Access by pressing "HOME" and "SCROLL DOWN" simultaneously, hold for one second then release simultaneously
- Press & hold "HOME" button to stop report of error log

MASTERCELL Error Log

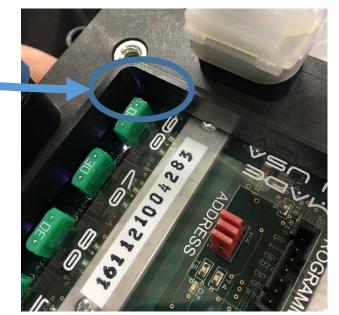






POWERCELL Normal Operation

- Blue COM Light in center of cell
 - Flashing approximately once per second
 - Solid blue light indicates lack of communication with other cells on CAN network.
- CAN HI/LO Lights (Red & Green)
 - Flashing approximately once per second

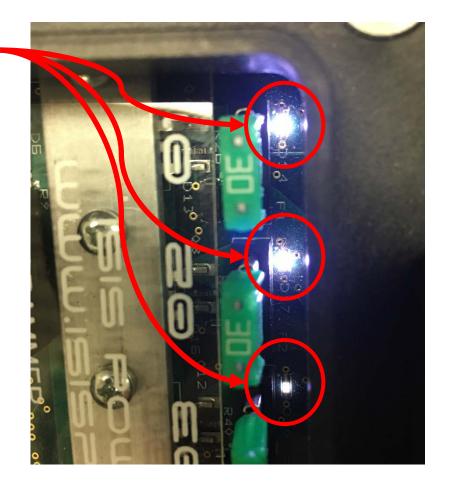






POWERCELL Output Indicator LEDs

- Each POWERCELL output has a white LED next
 to its corresponding fuse
- Each indicator light has 3 possible states
 - Dark- output is off and load is connected properly
 - Bright- output is on
 - Dim- output is off but load is not connected correctly
 - Each POWERCELL output measures continuity to ground through the output. If there is no ground path, the LED glows dimly.
 - Blown Fuse
 - Broken Wire
 - Blown light bulb
 - Load not connected properly
 - No ground connection







POWERCELL Output Indicator OFF

- Example of POWERCELL output off and load connected correctly.
 - Output LED is off







- Example of POWERCELL output is on.
 - Output LED is bright

POWERCELL Output Indicator ON





POWERCELL Output Indicator DIM

- Example of POWERCELL output is off but no continuity from output to ground.
 - Output LED is dim
 - Check fuse
 - Check wiring
 - Check output connector
 - Check status of load
 - Check connection to ground
 - LED will glow dimly if the load is high-impedance. Examples include LED lights and some electronic controllers.







Infinitybox Troubleshooting Flow

- If an output does not turn on when the switch is activated...
 - 1. Check COM light on MASTERCELL and all attached cells. All should be blinking approximately once per second.
 - 2. Check MASTERCELL inventory to make sure all cells are found
 - 3. Put MASTERCELL in Messaging Mode and check that MASTERCELL is seeing the input turn on when the switch is activated
 - a. Make sure that the correct switch input number is reported on the MASTERCELL screen
 - b. Make sure that the correct target cell and node is displayed on the screen
 - 4. Check the status of the output on the POWERCELL
 - a. Output LED should be dark when switch is turned off
 - b. Output LED should turn on bright when switch is turned on
 - c. Check fuses, harness, connector and load if the LED is dim when the switch is turned off



POWERCELL Over Ride Header

- Each POWERCELL has an over ride header that lets you manually actuate the outputs
- Bypasses all of the CAN control on the system
- Insert the Address Header jumpers on the Over Ride Header pins to turn an output on
- Outputs 1 through 5 are on the bottom row
- Outputs 6 through 10 are on the top row

